## Senate File 431 - Introduced

			SENATE FILE
			(SUCCESSOR TO SSB 1275)
	Pas	ssed Senate, Date P	assed House, Date
	Vot	te: Ayes Nays V	$^{\prime}$ ote: Ayes Nays
		Approved	
		A	A BILL FOR
2 3 4 5	BE TLS	Act relating to the reorganization operating while intoxicated crimichanges, and providing an effect IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBERS 1856SV 83/nh/8	inal offenses, making related ive date.
PAG	T.TN	N	
IAG	1111		
1 1 1	2	Section 1. Section 321J.2, Castriking the section and inserting following:	
1 1 1	4 5		THE INFLUENCE OF ALCOHOL OR A CONCENTRATION OF .08 OR MORE
1	7 8	1. A person commits the offer intoxicated if the person operate	es a motor vehicle in this
	10		of an alcoholic beverage or
1 1	12 13	c. While any amount of a con	oncentration of .08 or more. trolled substance is present
1	15	in the person, as measured in th 2. A person who violates sub a. A serious misdemeanor for	section 1 commits:
1 1	17 18	<ul><li>b. An aggravated misdemeanor</li><li>c. A class "D" felony for a</li></ul>	for a second offense.
1	19 20 21		able by all of the following: sonment in the county jail of
1 1	22 23	forty=eight hours, but not to ex ordered by the court, less credi	ceed one year, to be served as t for any time the person was
1	25	confined in a jail or detention for any time the person spent in operating=while=intoxicated progr	a court=ordered
1	27	enforcement security. However, of the sentence and in its discr	the court, in ordering service
1		defendant's work schedule.	
1	31	defer judgment pursuant to secti defendant on probation upon cond	on 907.3 and may place the
	33	Upon a showing that the defendan conditions of probation, the cou	t is not fulfilling the
1 2	35	impose any sentence authorized by action, the court shall give the	y law. Before taking such
2 2	2	be heard on any matter relevant violation of the conditions of p	to the proposed action. Upon
2	4	proceed as provided in chapter 9	08. Upon fulfillment of the
2	5 6	conditions of probation and the not waived by the judicial distr	payment of fees imposed and ict department of correctional
2 2	7	services under section 905.14, to discharged without entry of judg	he defendant shall be
	O	arbonargea wremout entry or judg	

2 8 discharged without entry of judgment.
2 9 (2) A person is not eligible for a deferred judgment under
2 10 section 907.3 if the person has been convicted of a violation
2 11 of this section or the person's driver's license has been
2 12 revoked under this chapter, and any of the following apply:
2 13 (a) If the defendant's alcohol concentration established
2 14 by the results of an analysis of a specimen of the defendant's
2 15 blood, breath, or urine withdrawn in accordance with this

2 16 chapter exceeds .15, regardless of whether or not the alcohol 2 17 concentration indicated by the chemical test minus the 2 18 established margin of error inherent in the device or method 2 19 used to conduct the test equals an alcohol concentration of 2 20 .15 or more.

(b) If the defendant has previously been convicted of a 22 violation of subsection 1 or a statute in another state 23 substantially corresponding to subsection 1.

(c) If the defendant has previously received a deferred 25 judgment or sentence for a violation of subsection 1 or for a 26 violation of a statute in another state substantially 2 27 corresponding to subsection 1.

(d) If the defendant refused to consent to testing 29 requested in accordance with section 321J.6.

2 21

2 28

2 30

32 2

2

3

3

3

3 8

21

3 32

4

4

4

4

4

4

4 14

2

If the offense under this chapter results in bodily (e) 2 31 injury to a person other than the defendant.

c. Assessment of a fine of one thousand two hundred fifty 33 dollars. However, in the discretion of the court, if no 34 personal or property injury has resulted from the defendant's 35 actions, the court may waive up to six hundred twenty=five 1 dollars of the fine when the defendant presents to the court 2 at the end of the minimum period of ineligibility a temporary 3 restricted license issued pursuant to section 321J.20.

4 (1) Upon the entry of a deferred judgment, a civil penalty 5 shall be assessed as provided in section 907.14 in an amount 6 not less than the amount of the criminal fine authorized 7 pursuant to this paragraph "c".

(2) As an alternative to a portion or all of the fine, the 9 court may order the person to perform unpaid community 3 10 service. However, the court shall not order the person to 3 11 perform unpaid community service in lieu of a civil penalty or 3 12 victim restitution. Surcharges and fees shall also be 3 13 assessed pursuant to chapter 911.

3 14 d. Revocation of the person's driver's license for a 3 15 minimum period of one hundred eighty days up to a maximum 3 16 revocation period of one year, pursuant to section 321J.4, 3 17 subsection 1, section 321J.9, or section 321J.12, subsection If a revocation occurs due to test refusal under section 3 19 321J.9, the defendant shall be ineligible for a temporary 3 20 restricted license for a period of ninety days.

(1) A defendant whose alcohol concentration is .08 or more 22 but not more than .10 shall not be eligible for any temporary 3 23 restricted license for at least thirty days if a test was 24 obtained and an accident resulting in personal injury or 25 property damage occurred. The defendant shall be ordered to 3 26 install an ignition interlock device of a type approved by the 3 27 commissioner of public safety on all vehicles owned or 3 28 operated by the defendant if the defendant seeks a temporary 3 29 restricted license. There shall be no such period of 3 30 ineligibility if no such accident occurred, and the defendant 31 shall not be ordered to install an ignition interlock device.

(2) A defendant whose alcohol concentration is more than 3 33 .10 shall not be eligible for any temporary restricted license 34 for at least thirty days if a test was obtained, and an 35 accident resulting in personal injury or property damage 1 occurred or the defendant's alcohol concentration exceeded .15. There shall be no such period of ineligibility if no 3 such accident occurred and the defendant's alcohol 4 concentration did not exceed .15. In either case, where a 5 defendant's alcohol concentration is more than .10, the 6 defendant shall be ordered to install an ignition interlock device of a type approved by the commissioner of public safety 8 on all vehicles owned or operated by the defendant if the 9 defendant seeks a temporary restricted license.

- 10 e. Assignment to substance abuse evaluation and treatment, 4 11 a course for drinking drivers, and, if available and 4 12 appropriate, a reality education substance abuse prevention 4 13 program pursuant to section 321J.24.
  - 4. A second offense is punishable by all of the following: a. A minimum period of imprisonment in the county jail or

4 15 4 16 community=based correctional facility of seven days but not to 4 17 exceed two years.

4 18 b. Assessment of a minimum fine of one thousand eight 4 19 hundred fifty dollars and a maximum fine of six thousand two 20 hundred fifty dollars. Surcharges and fees shall be assessed 4 21 pursuant to chapter 911.

c. Revocation of the defendant's driver's license for a 23 period of one year, if a revocation occurs pursuant to section 24 321J.12, subsection 1. If a revocation occurs due to test 4 25 refusal under section 321J.9, or pursuant to section 321J.4, 4 26 subsection 2, the defendant's license shall be revoked for a

4 27 period of two years.

5

5

5

5

5 18

22

5

5

6

6 6

6 6

6

6

6

6 14

6 17

6 20

6

6

35 6

6

8

d. Assignment to substance abuse evaluation and treatment, 4 29 a course for drinking drivers, and, if available and 30 appropriate, a reality education substance abuse prevention 4 31 program pursuant to section 321J.24.

5. A third offense is punishable by all of the following:

- 33 a. Commitment to the custody of the director of the 34 department of corrections for an indeterminate term not to 35 exceed five years, with a mandatory minimum term of thirty 1 days.
  - If the court does not suspend a person's sentence of 3 commitment to the custody of the director of the department of 4 corrections under this paragraph "a", the person shall be assigned to a facility pursuant to section 904.513.
- (2) If the court suspends a person's sentence of commitment to the custody of the director of the department of corrections under this paragraph "a", the court shall order 9 the person to serve not less than thirty days nor more than 10 one year in the county jail, and the person may be committed 5 11 to treatment in the community under section 907.6.
- b. Assessment of a minimum fine of three thousand one 5 13 hundred twenty=five dollars and a maximum fine of nine 5 14 thousand three hundred seventy=five dollars. 5 15 fees shall be assessed pursuant to chapter 911. 5 16 c. Revocation of the person's driver's license for a
- 5 17 period of six years pursuant to section 321J.4, subsection 4.
- d. Assignment to substance abuse evaluation and treatment, 19 a course for drinking drivers, and, if available and 5 20 appropriate, a reality education substance abuse program 5 21 pursuant to section 321J.24.
- 6. To the extent that section 907.3 allows, the court may 5 23 impose additional sentencing terms and conditions.
- 24 7. a. All persons convicted of an offense under 25 subsection 2 shall be ordered, at the person's expense, to 26 undergo, prior to sentencing, a substance abuse evaluation. 5 27 The court shall order the person to follow the recommendations  $5\ 28\ \text{proposed}$  in the substance abuse evaluation as provided in 29 section 321J.3.
- 5 30 b. Where the program is available and is appropriate for 5 31 the convicted person, a person convicted of an offense under 32 subsection 2 shall be ordered to participate in a reality 33 education substance abuse prevention program as provided in 34 section 321J.24.
- c. A minimum term of imprisonment in a county jail or community=based correctional facility imposed on a person 2 convicted of a second or subsequent offense under subsection 3 2, paragraph "b" or "c" shall be served on consecutive days. 4 However, if the sentencing court finds that service of the 5 full minimum term on consecutive days would work an undue 6 hardship on the person, or finds that sufficient jail space is 7 not available and is not reasonably expected to become 8 available within four months after sentencing to incarcerate 9 the person serving the minimum sentence on consecutive days, 6 10 the court may order the person to serve the minimum term in 11 segments of at least forty=eight hours and to perform a 6 12 specified number of hours of unpaid community service as 6 13 deemed appropriate by the sentencing court.
- In determining if a violation charged is a second or 6 15 subsequent offense for purposes of criminal sentencing or 6 16 license revocation under this chapter:
- a. Any conviction or revocation deleted from motor vehicle 6 18 operating records pursuant to section 321.12 shall not be 6 19 considered as a previous offense.
- b. Deferred judgments entered pursuant to section 907.3 21 for violations of this section shall be counted as previous 6 22 offenses.
- 6 23 c. Convictions or the equivalent of deferred judgments for 24 violations in any other states under statutes substantially 25 corresponding to this section shall be counted as previous 6 26 offenses. The courts shall judicially notice the statutes of 6 27 other states which define offenses substantially equivalent to 28 the one defined in this section and can therefore be 6 29 considered corresponding statutes. Each previous violation on 6 30 which conviction or deferral of judgment was entered prior to 31 the date of the violation charged shall be considered and 32 counted as a separate previous offense.
- 9. A person shall not be convicted and sentenced for more 34 than one violation of this section for actions arising out of 35 the same event or occurrence, even if the event or occurrence 6 6 involves more than one of the conditions specified in

2 subsection 1.

The clerk of the district court shall immediately 10. 4 certify to the department a true copy of each order entered 5 with respect to deferral of judgment, deferral of sentence, or 6 pronouncement of judgment and sentence for a defendant under this section.

Я

7 18

7 25

7 35

8 8

8 8

8

8 8

8 8

8 12

8 24

8

8

8

8

8

8

9 9

9

9

11. a. This section does not apply to a person operating 9 a motor vehicle while under the influence of a drug if the  $7\ 10$  substance was prescribed for the person and was taken under 11 the prescription and in accordance with the directions of a 12 medical practitioner as defined in chapter 155A or if the 7 13 substance was dispensed by a pharmacist without a prescription 7 14 pursuant to the rules of the board of pharmacy, if there is no 7 15 evidence of the consumption of alcohol and the medical 7 16 practitioner or pharmacist had not directed the person to 7 17 refrain from operating a motor vehicle.

When charged with a violation of subsection 1, 19 paragraph "c", a person may assert, as an affirmative defense, 7 20 that the controlled substance present in the person's blood or 7 21 urine was prescribed or dispensed for the person and was taken 22 in accordance with the directions of a practitioner and the 7 23 labeling directions of the pharmacy, as that person and place 7 24 of business are defined in section 155A.3.

12. In any prosecution under this section, evidence of the 26 results of analysis of a specimen of the defendant's blood, 27 breath, or urine is admissible upon proof of a proper 7 28 foundation.

29 a. The alcohol concentration established by the results of 30 an analysis of a specimen of the defendant's blood, breath, or 7 31 urine withdrawn within two hours after the defendant was 32 driving or in physical control of a motor vehicle is presumed 33 to be the alcohol concentration at the time of driving or 34 being in physical control of the motor vehicle.

The presence of a controlled substance or other drug established by the results of analysis of a specimen of the defendant's blood or urine withdrawn within two hours after 3 the defendant was driving or in physical control of a motor 4 vehicle is presumed to show the presence of such controlled 5 substance or other drug in the defendant at the time of

6 driving or being in physical control of the motor vehicle.
7 c. The department of public safety shall adopt nationally 8 accepted standards for determining detectable levels of 9 controlled substances in the division of criminal 8 10 investigation's initial laboratory screening test for 8 11 controlled substances.

13. a. In addition to any fine or penalty imposed under 8 13 this chapter, the court shall order a defendant convicted of 8 14 or receiving a deferred judgment for a violation of this 15 section to make restitution for damages resulting directly 8 16 from the violation, to the victim, pursuant to chapter 910. 8 17 An amount paid pursuant to this restitution order shall be 8 18 credited toward any adverse judgment in a subsequent civil 8 19 proceeding arising from the same occurrence. However, other 8 20 than establishing a credit, a restitution proceeding pursuant 8 21 to this section shall not be given evidentiary or preclusive 8 22 effect in a subsequent civil proceeding arising from the same 8 23 occurrence.

b. The court may order restitution paid to any public 25 agency for the costs of the emergency response resulting from 8 26 the actions constituting a violation of this section, not 8 27 exceeding five hundred dollars per public agency for each such 28 response. For the purposes of this paragraph, "emergen 29 response" means any incident requiring response by fire For the purposes of this paragraph, "emergency 8 30 fighting, law enforcement, ambulance, medical, or other 31 emergency services. A public agency seeking such restitution 32 shall consult with the county attorney regarding the expenses 8 33 incurred by the public agency, and the county attorney may 34 include the expenses in the statement of pecuniary damages 35 pursuant to section 910.3.

14. In any prosecution under this section, the results of 2 a chemical test shall not be used to prove a violation of 3 subsection 1, paragraph "b" or "c", if the alcohol, controlled 4 substance, or other drug concentration indicated by the 5 chemical test minus the established margin of error inherent 6 in the device or method used to conduct the chemical test does 7 not equal or exceed the level prohibited by subsection 1, 8 paragraph "b" or "c".

Sec. 2. Section 321J.3, subsection 1, paragraph a, Code 10 2009, is amended to read as follows:

a. In addition to orders issued pursuant to section 321J.2, subsection 3 subsections 3, 4, and 5, and section 9 13 321J.17, the court shall order any defendant convicted under

9 14 section 321J.2 to follow the recommendations proposed in the 9 15 substance abuse evaluation for appropriate substance abuse 9 16 treatment for the defendant. Court=ordered substance abuse 9 17 treatment is subject to the periodic reporting requirements of 9 18 section 125.86. 9 19 Sec. 3. Section 707.6A, subsection 6, Code 2009, is 9 20 amended to read as follows: 9 21 6. Except for the purpose of sentencing under section 22 321J.2, subsection 2 subsections 3, 4, and 5, a conviction or 9 23 deferral of judgment for a violation of this section, where a 9 24 violation of section 321J.2 is admitted or proved, shall be 9 25 treated as a conviction or deferral of judgment for a 9 26 violation of section 321J.2 for the purposes of chapters 321, 9 321A, and 321J, and section 907.3, subsection 1. 2.7 Sec. 4. Section 902.3, Code 2009, is amended to read as 9 28 9 29 follows: 9 30 INDETERMINATE SENTENCE. 902.3 9 When a judgment of conviction of a felony other than a 31 9 32 class "A" felony is entered against a person, the court, in 9 33 imposing a sentence of confinement, shall commit the person 34 into the custody of the director of the Iowa department of 9 9 35 corrections for an indeterminate term, the maximum length of 10 1 which shall not exceed the limits as fixed by section 902.9, unless otherwise prescribed by statute, nor shall the term be less than the minimum term imposed by law, if a minimum 10 10 4 sentence is provided. However, if the court suspends a 10 10 5 person's sentence under section 321J.2, subsection 2 5, 10 paragraph "c" "a", the court shall order the offender to serve time in the county jail as provided in section 321J.2, 10 10 8 subsection 2 5, paragraph "c" "a", notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in section 903.4.

Sec. 5. Section 907.3, subsection 3, paragraph c, Code 10 9 10 10 10 11 2009, is amended to read as follows: c. A mandatory minimum sentence of incarceration imposed 10 12 10 13 pursuant to a violation of section 321J.2, subsection 1; 10 14 furthermore, the court shall not suspend any part of a 10 15 sentence not involving incarceration imposed pursuant to 10 16 section 321J.2, subsection  $\frac{2}{3}$ ,  $\frac{4}{4}$ , or  $\frac{5}{4}$ , beyond the mandatory 10 17 minimum if any of the following apply: Section 910.1, subsection 4, Code 2009, is amended 10 18 Sec. 6. 10 19 to read as follows: 10 20 4. "Restitution" means payment of pecuniary damages to a 10 21 victim in an amount and in the manner provided by the 10 22 offender's plan of restitution. "Restitution" also includes 10 23 fines, penalties, and surcharges, the contribution of funds to 10 24 a local anticrime organization which provided assistance to 10 25 law enforcement in an offender's case, the payment of crime 10 26 victim compensation program reimbursements, payment of
10 27 restitution to public agencies pursuant to section 321J.2,
10 28 subsection 9 13, paragraph "b", court costs including
10 29 correctional fees approved pursuant to section 356.7,
10 20 court transit of the property of the program of the continuation. 10 30 court=appointed attorney fees ordered pursuant to section 10 31 815.9, including the expense of a public defender, and the 10 32 performance of a public service by an offender in an amount 10 33 set by the court when the offender cannot reasonably pay all 10 34 or part of the court costs including correctional fees 10 35 approved pursuant to section 356.7, or court=appointed 11 attorney fees ordered pursuant to section 815.9, including the 11 expense of a public defender. 11 Sec. 7. Section 910.2, unnumbered paragraph 1, Code 2009, 11 4 is amended to read as follows: 11 In all criminal cases in which there is a plea of guilty, 6 verdict of guilty, or special verdict upon which a judgment of 11 11 7 conviction is rendered, the sentencing court shall order that 8 restitution be made by each offender to the victims of the 9 offender's criminal activities, to the clerk of court for 11 11 11 10 fines, penalties, surcharges, and, to the extent that the 11 11 offender is reasonably able to pay, for crime victim 11 12 assistance reimbursement, restitution to public agencies 11 13 pursuant to section 321J.2, subsection 9 13, paragraph "b" 11 14 court costs including correctional fees approved pursuant to 11 15 section 356.7, court-appointed attorney fees ordered pursuant 11 16 to section 815.9, including the expense of a public defender, 11 17 when applicable, or contribution to a local anticrime 11 18 organization. However, victims shall be paid in full before 11 19 fines, penalties, and surcharges, crime victim compensation 11 20 program reimbursement, public agencies, court costs including 11 21 correctional fees approved pursuant to section 356.7, 11 22 court=appointed attorney fees ordered pursuant to section 11 23 815.9, including the expenses of a public defender, or 11 24 contributions to a local anticrime organization are paid.

11 25 structuring a plan of restitution, the court shall provide for 11 26 payments in the following order of priority: victim, fines, 11 27 penalties, and surcharges, crime victim compensation program 11 28 reimbursement, public agencies, court costs including 11 29 correctional fees approved pursuant to section 356.7, 11 30 court=appointed attorney fees ordered pursuant to section 11 31 815.9, including the expense of a public defender, and 32 contribution to a local anticrime organization. 11 Sec. 8. Section 910.3, Code 2009, is amended to read as 11 34 follows:

910.3 DETERMINATION OF AMOUNT OF RESTITUTION. The county attorney shall prepare a statement of pecuniary 2 damages to victims of the defendant and, if applicable, any award by the crime victim compensation program and expenses 4 incurred by public agencies pursuant to section 321J.2, 5 subsection 9 13, paragraph "b", and shall provide the 6 statement to the presentence investigator or submit the statement to the court at the time of sentencing. 8 of court shall prepare a statement of court=appointed attorney 9 fees ordered pursuant to section 815.9, including the expense 12 10 of a public defender, and court costs including correctional 12 11 fees claimed by a sheriff or municipality pursuant to section 12 12 356.7, which shall be provided to the presentence investigator 12 13 or submitted to the court at the time of sentencing. If these 12 14 statements are provided to the presentence investigator, they 12 15 shall become a part of the presentence report. If pecuniary 12 16 damage amounts are not available at the time of sentencing, 12 17 the county attorney shall provide a statement of pecuniary 12 18 damages incurred up to that time to the clerk of court. T 12 19 statement shall be provided no later than thirty days after 12 20 sentencing. If a defendant believes no person suffered 12 21 pecuniary damages, the defendant shall so state. If the 12 22 defendant has any mental or physical impairment which would 12 23 limit or prohibit the performance of a public service, the 12 24 defendant shall so state. The court may order a mental or 12 25 physical examination, or both, of the defendant to determine a 12 26 proper course of action. At the time of sentencing or at a 12 27 later date to be determined by the court, the court shall set 12 28 out the amount of restitution including the amount of public 12 29 service to be performed as restitution and the persons to whom 12 30 restitution must be paid. If the full amount of restitution 12 31 cannot be determined at the time of sentencing, the court 12 32 shall issue a temporary order determining a reasonable amount 12 33 for restitution identified up to that time. At a later date 12 34 as determined by the court, the court shall issue a permanent, 12 35 supplemental order, setting the full amount of restitution. 1 The court shall enter further supplemental orders, if 2 necessary. These court orders shall be known as the plan of

3 restitution. Sec. 9. EFFECTIVE DATE. This Act takes effect December 1, 2009.

## EXPLANATION

This bill reorganizes and restructures Code section 321J.2 8 relating to operating=while=intoxicated (OWI) criminal offenses.

The bill reorganizes criminal penalty, sentencing, and 13 11 related license revocation provisions currently in Code 13 12 section 321J.2. The bill also duplicates certain provisions 13 13 in Code sections 321J.4 (revocation of licenses, ignition 13 14 interlock devices, and temporary restricted licenses), 903.1 13 15 (maximum term of imprisonment for first offense OWI offenses) 13 16 907.3 (eligibility provisions for deferred judgments, deferred 13 17 sentences, and suspended sentences), and 907.14 (civil penalty 13 18 provisions for deferred judgments), and places such provisions 13 19 in Code section 321J.2. All of the revisions are 13 20 nonsubstantive.

13 21 The bill makes conforming changes in Code section 707.6A 13 22 (homicide or serious injury by vehicle), Code section 902.3 13 23 (indeterminate sentences), and Code chapter 910 (victim 13 24 restitution).

The bill takes effect December 1, 2009.

13 25 13 26 LSB 1856SV 83

13 27 rh/nh/8

11 35

12

12 12

12

12

13

13

13

13 4

13

13

13

13

13

13 10

5

9